

G7 efforts through a One Health approach - G7 Health Ministers' Meeting in Nagasaki -



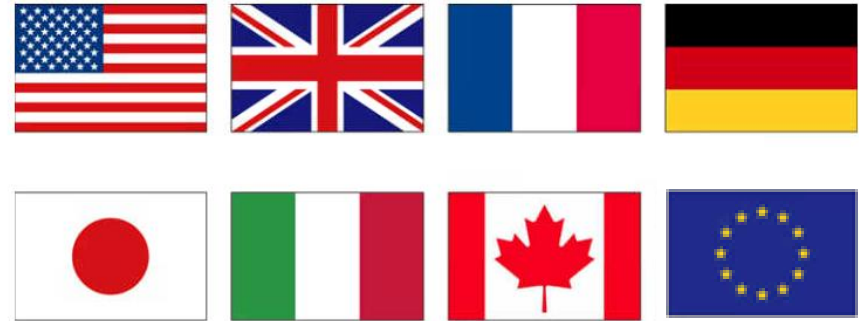
長崎保健大臣会合
Health Ministers' Meeting
in NAGASAKI

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G7 (Group of Seven)

- G7 is the group of US, UK, France, Germany, Japan, Italy, Canada and EU.
- The presidency rotates every year. (2022: Germany, 2023: Japan, 2024: Italy)
- “G7 Summit” is the meeting by the leaders of G7, to discuss current global issues, including peace, economy, health, energy, environment, gender etc.
- “G7 Ministers’ Meetings” are also held to discuss each topic by ministerial level.



(ref.) G20

- G20 is the group including G7, China, Korea, Australia, Russia, and also so-called global south countries.
- The presidency is 2022: Indonesia, 2023: India, 2024: Brazil.



This year's Japanese G7 presidency



19 to 21 May, 2023
G7 Hiroshima Summit

13 and 14 May, 2023
G7 Health Ministers'
Meeting in Nagasaki



Health Ministers of the G7 and outreach countries including India, Indonesia and Vietnam

G7 Health Ministers' Meeting in Nagasaki

◆ **Date:** May 13th and 14th, 2023

◆ **Venue:** Dejima Messe Nagasaki, Nagasaki City

◆ **Chair:** Mr. Kato Katsunobu, Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare, Japan

◆ **Members:** Japan • France • USA • UK • Germany • Italy • Canada • EU

◆ **Outreach countries:** India • Indonesia • Vietnam



G7 Health Ministers' Meeting in Nagasaki



Conversation with German Health Minister



Bilateral meeting with Indian Health Minister.

Under the theme of “**Working together for a healthier future**”

1

Develop and strengthen global health architecture (GHA) for public health emergencies

2

Contribute to achieving more resilient, equitable and sustainable universal health coverage (UHC)* through strengthening health systems

3

Promote health innovation to address various health challenges

What health issues should we address through **One Health approach**?

How can we collaborate with **multi-sectoral** stakeholders?

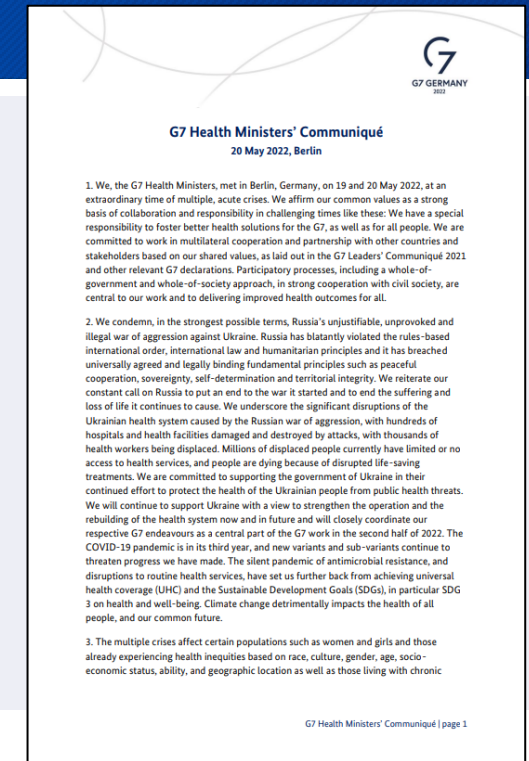
※ UHC : The condition or system that all people can access to quality-assured health services, whenever and wherever they need them, without financial hardship.

“One Health” under the Previous G7 Presidency: Germany 2022

In May 2022, the G7 Health Ministers’ Meeting was held in Berlin under German Presidency.

Germany pursued the following work priorities:

- ✓ Protecting all people from **new variants and further outbreaks**
- ✓ Overcoming the **COVID-19 pandemic** in 2022
- ✓ Tackling the “silent pandemic” of **antimicrobial resistance (AMR)**
- ✓ **Climate-resilient and sustainable, climate-neutral health systems**



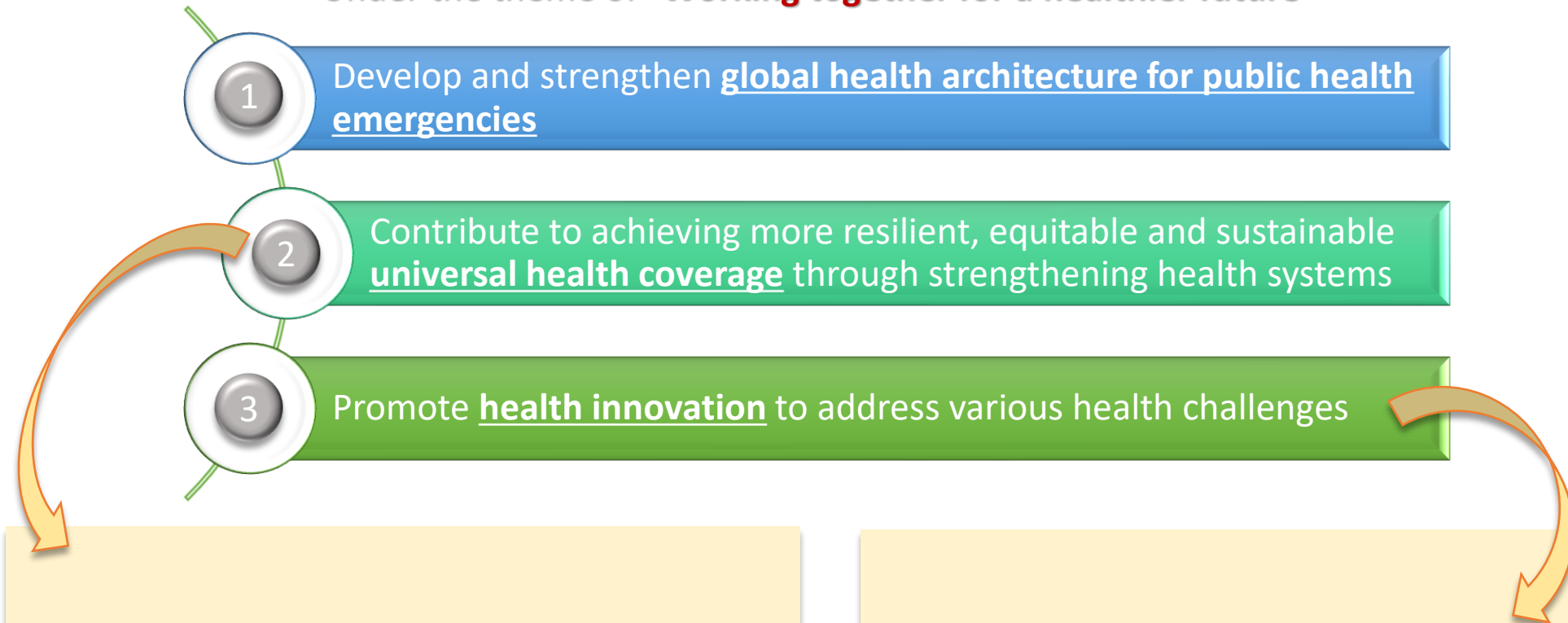
Pandemic: Therefore, we will improve the generation, exchange and application of scientific evidence, integrating the **One Health approach**, placing a special focus on surveillance, early detection and warning based on a specifically educated and trained pandemic workforce to strengthen the global network approach.

AMR: We acknowledge that AMR further emerges and spreads at the human, animal, plant and environment interface and requires an integrated **One Health approach**.

Climate change: It is critical that health expertise is centrally involved in climate decision-making processes at all levels, taking a **One Health approach**, to ensure that health and equity considerations are well understood and accounted for when developing climate policies.

“One Health” under this year’s G7 Presidency: Japan 2023

Under the theme of “**Working together for a healthier future**”



How G7 can collaborate for the **impacts on health by the triple planetary crisis of climate change, biodiversity loss and pollution**

How G7 can promote **One Health approach** for addressing various health challenges, especially **AMR** and **climate change**

How G7 can collaborate for the **impacts on health by the triple planetary crisis of climate change, biodiversity loss and pollution**

Environmental protection as well as **climate change mitigation and adaptation** can improve human and animal health and wellbeing and **strengthen health system sustainability and resilience**.

- ✓ Commit to advancing health system engagement to better identify, address and adapt to those impacts
- ✓ Call for **urgent strategies and action** as well as **further research**
- ✓ Work together with other countries, regions and the Quadripartite*, in **promoting the One Health approach**

✧ Quadripartite : WHO, WOA, FAO, and UNEP.

How G7 can promote **One Health approach** for addressing various health challenges, especially **AMR** and **climate change**

There is a need to **reduce the risk of future public health emergencies resulting from climate change** and other planetary crisis, and to **promote early prevention and detection** of zoonotic spillover and spillback, potential pandemic pathogens and novel strains, as well as **“silent pandemic” by AMR.**

- ✓ Acknowledge the importance of taking One Health approach by **strengthening national-, regional- and global-level collaboration**
- ✓ Tackle AMR through **antimicrobial stewardship** in both human and animal, **in line with One Health approach.**

Climate change is the important issue that leads to a huge negative impact on achievement of UHC, including pandemic, heatstroke, malnutrition by food shortage, as well as impacts on health system itself.

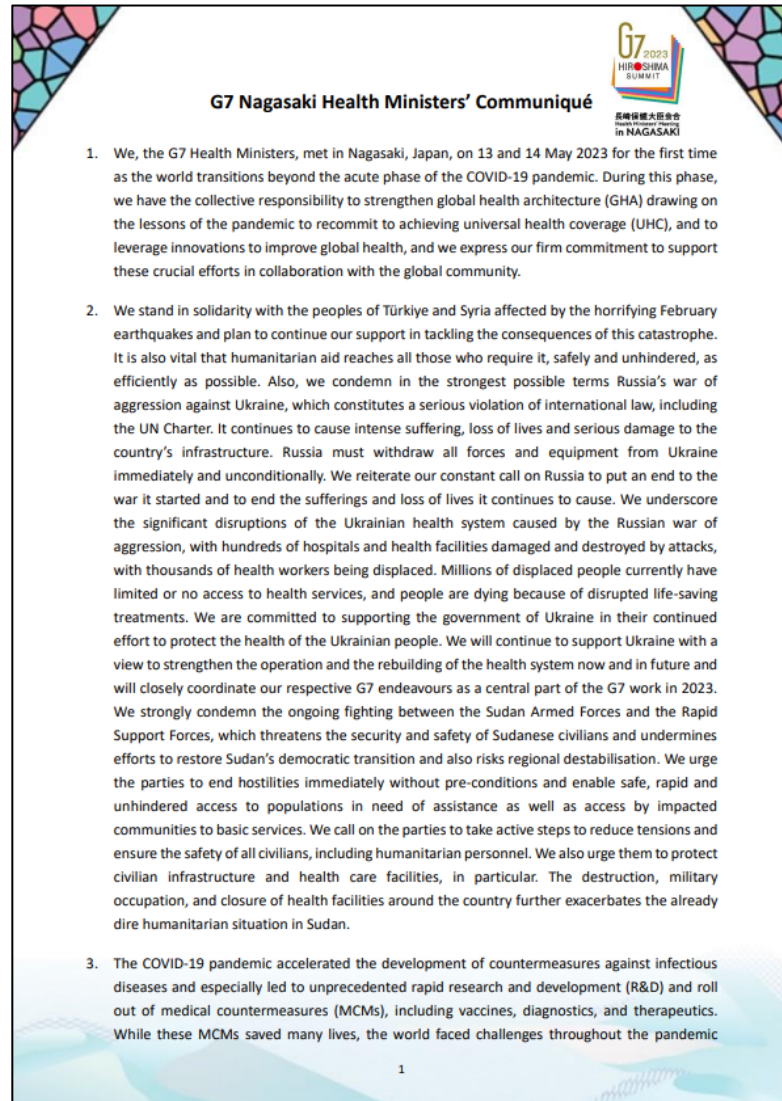
*We need to **promote collaboration and research for exploring the appropriate measures to address these issues by multi-sectors**, such as health, environment, and agriculture.*

*In addition, it is also essential to **implement One Health approach to tackle AMR**. In Japan, the annual One Health Surveillance regarding AMR under the collaboration among Ministries of Health, Environment and Agriculture. We commit to promoting collaborate across relevant ministries through such efforts.*

*Finally, for further discussion of One Health approach, including required measures and collaborative actions, I suggest to holding **“High-Level Technical Meeting on One Health”** with the participation of all relevant ministries and stakeholders in the second half of 2023.*



G7 Nagasaki Health Ministers' Communiqué



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G7 Nagasaki Health Ministers' Communiqué

1. We, the G7 Health Ministers, met in Nagasaki, Japan, on 13 and 14 May 2023 for the first time as the world transitions beyond the acute phase of the COVID-19 pandemic. During this phase, we have the collective responsibility to strengthen global health architecture (GHA) drawing on the lessons of the pandemic to recommit to achieving universal health coverage (UHC), and to leverage innovations to improve global health, and we express our firm commitment to support these crucial efforts in collaboration with the global community.

2. We stand in solidarity with the peoples of Türkiye and Syria affected by the horrifying February earthquakes and plan to continue our support in tackling the consequences of this catastrophe. It is also vital that humanitarian aid reaches all those who require it, safely and unhindered, as efficiently as possible. Also, we condemn in the strongest possible terms Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine, which constitutes a serious violation of international law, including the UN Charter. It continues to cause intense suffering, loss of lives and serious damage to the country's infrastructure. Russia must withdraw all forces and equipment from Ukraine immediately and unconditionally. We reiterate our constant call on Russia to put an end to the war it started and to end the sufferings and loss of lives it continues to cause. We underscore the significant disruptions of the Ukrainian health system caused by the Russian war of aggression, with hundreds of hospitals and health facilities damaged and destroyed by attacks, with thousands of health workers being displaced. Millions of displaced people currently have limited or no access to health services, and people are dying because of disrupted life-saving treatments. We are committed to supporting the government of Ukraine in their continued effort to protect the health of the Ukrainian people. We will continue to support Ukraine with a view to strengthen the operation and the rebuilding of the health system now and in future and will closely coordinate our respective G7 endeavours as a central part of the G7 work in 2023. We strongly condemn the ongoing fighting between the Sudan Armed Forces and the Rapid Support Forces, which threatens the security and safety of Sudanese civilians and undermines efforts to restore Sudan's democratic transition and also risks regional destabilisation. We urge the parties to end hostilities immediately without pre-conditions and enable safe, rapid and unhindered access to populations in need of assistance as well as access by impacted communities to basic services. We call on the parties to take active steps to reduce tensions and ensure the safety of all civilians, including humanitarian personnel. We also urge them to protect civilian infrastructure and health care facilities, in particular. The destruction, military occupation, and closure of health facilities around the country further exacerbates the already dire humanitarian situation in Sudan.

3. The COVID-19 pandemic accelerated the development of countermeasures against infectious diseases and especially led to unprecedented rapid research and development (R&D) and roll out of medical countermeasures (MCMs), including vaccines, diagnostics, and therapeutics. While these MCMs saved many lives, the world faced challenges throughout the pandemic

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You can download both documents from this website.
<https://www.mhlw.go.jp/stf/seisakunit/suite/bunya/hokabunya/kokusai/g8/g7health2023.html>

G7 UHC Global Plan for UHC Action Agenda



The document cover features a grey mosaic pattern in the top corners. The title "G7 Global Plan for UHC Action Agenda" is centered at the top, with the G7 2023 Hiroshima Summit logo and the text "長崎保健大臣会合 in NAGASAKI" below it.

G7 Global Plan for UHC Action Agenda

(Background)

In order for the international community to accelerate collective action towards the realization of universal health coverage (UHC) and mobilize political will towards the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) High-Level Meeting (HLM) on UHC, UHC 2030, a multi-stakeholder partnership whose secretariat is hosted by the World Health Organization (WHO), the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) and the World Bank, launched its flagship "UHC Action Agenda" at the end of March 2023. We, the G7 Health Ministers in collaboration with relevant sectors and stakeholders within their respective mandates, aim to undertake robust and concrete steps in line with the eight action areas stipulated in the "UHC Action Agenda" through the "G7 Global Plan for UHC Action Agenda". This plan is designed to facilitate priority actions that the G7 members aim to employ and complement the "UHC Action Agenda", in support of country-led efforts to implement UHC, and to maximise impact of the UNGA HLM on UHC and beyond to achieve UHC worldwide.

(Structure)

The "G7 Global Plan for UHC Action Agenda" contains an overall description and specific G7 key actions based on the "UHC Action Agenda", which was developed by UHC2030 based on extensive consultations with stakeholders and partners. Each of the following eight action areas contains (1) the Title (Action area), (2) the description of the area derived from UHC Action Agenda (i.e. why it is important), (3) an overall description or direction for G7 actions, and (4) Key G7 Actions (i.e., what the G7 should do). (1) and (2) are cited from the "UHC Action Agenda".

(Way Forward: towards the year 2030)

We, the G7 Health Ministers, will continue to work collaboratively to support international progress towards achieving UHC, building on our commitment to UHC for our own citizens in the post-COVID-19 era. In addition to the "G7 Global Plan for UHC Action Agenda" presented in this document, we note the importance of a global hub function, in support of relevant international organisations, including for financing, knowledge management, and human resources on UHC.

Collectively, collaboratively and also in line with the "Global Action Plan for Healthy Lives and Well-being for All", we will accelerate our efforts towards the achievement of more resilient,

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Thank you



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